

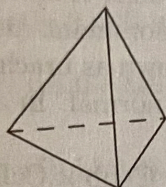
situation,

$$F_B(X) \approx F_N\left(\frac{X + 0.5 - np}{\sqrt{np(1-p)}}\right),$$

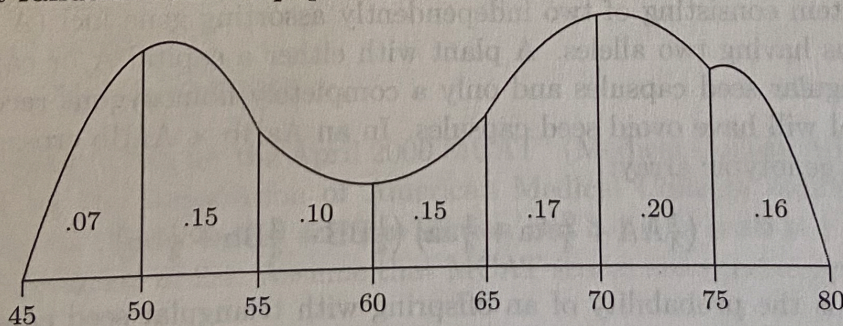
where F_B and F_N are the cumulative binomial and normal distributions, respectively.

3.7 Problems

1. Some games use tetrahedral dice that have four triangular faces that are numbered 1 through 4. Assume each face is equally likely to land face down.



- (a) Determine the probability density function f for the total number (X) on the down faces of 2 such tetrahedron-shaped dice thrown together.
- (b) Calculate the cumulative distribution function of X .
- (c) Using expected values, find the mean and variance of X .
- (d) Find $f(7)$.
- (e) Find $F(7)$.
- (f) Describe in complete sentences the meaning of $f(7)$ and $F(7)$.
- (g) Find $P(3 < X \leq 7)$.
- (h) Find $P(3 \leq X \leq 7)$.
- (i) Find $P(X > 6)$.
2. In a certain population of koala, *Phascolarctos cinereus*, the heights of individuals are distributed as indicated by the density curve shown below. Areas under the curve are shown in the figure. Let X represent the length of an individual koala chosen at random from the population. Find the following.



- (a) $P(X < 55)$
- (b) $P(55 < X \leq 65)$
- (c) $P(X = 55)$
- (d) $F(65)$
- (e) $P(X > 65)$
- (f) Why do you think the density is bimodal for this population?